### Radiograms and Traffic Handling

## Parts of the Radiogram

- 1. Preamble
  - 1. Filling out the top line of the Radiogram
- 2. Address
  - 1. How to address the message and what to look for
- 3. The Message
  - 1. How to write down the message
  - 2. Precautions and use of abbreviations
  - 3. Counting the words
- 4. Sending and Receiving messages
  - 1. What to fill out when sending a message
  - 2. What to fill out when receiving a message

Message Number and Precedence



#### Message Number

Assigned by the person first filling out the Radiogram this number stays with the message until delivery.

Number your messages consecutively starting at the beginning of the month or year.

#### Precedence (E, P, W, or R)

E = Emergency (Life or Death urgency in a declared Emergency)

P = Priority (Official traffic in a declared Emergency)

W = Health & Welfare (Used only in a declared Emergency to report persons wellbeing)

R = Routine (this is the most used precedence covering everything else)

Handling Codes (Optional)



#### • HX –Handling Code (Optional)

- A. (Followed by number) Collect landline delivery authorized by addressee within...miles. (If no number, authorization is unlimited.)
- B. (Followed by number) Cancel message if not delivered within...hours of filing time; service originating station.
- C. Report date and time of delivery (TOD) to originating station.
- D. Report to originating station the identity of station from which received, plus date and time. Report identity of station to which relayed, plus date and time-or, if delivered-report date, time and method of delivery.
- E. Delivering station get reply from addressee, originate message back.
- F. (Followed by number.) Hold delivery until...(date).
- G. Delivery by mail or landline toll call not required. If toll or other expense involved, cancel message and service originating station.

Station of Origin and Place of Origin



#### Station of Origin

This is the person who is filling out the Radiogram form!

If someone else sends the message-by whatever means-the originator is still the person who filled out the paper form.

The answer, if there is one, should be returned to the person who originally took the message or the "Station of Origin".

#### Place of Origin

This is the City and State where the person taking the message was when the message was originated.

If you live in Reno, Ohio but you are in Fort Madison, Iowa when you take a message for someone to be delivered to Nashville, Tennessee, then your message originates in Fort Madison, Iowa.

The Date, Check and Time Filed Fields



#### Date

This is the Date on which the message form was filled out. Use Alpha characters for month and two digits for the day. Don't include the year.

#### Check

This is the word count for the body of the message. Don't count words in the Preamble, Address or Signature. (Do this after the message area has been filled in)

#### Time Filed

This is the local time at Place of Origin. Don't forget to indicate your time base (Z, EDT, ET, CDT, etc.) (Do this last – After everything else is filled out)

#### Address

#### The Address of the Recipient

John Anyname KG8AAA 1359 Main Street Anytown OH 45750	THIS RADIO MESSAGE WAS RECEIVED AT  AMATEUR STATION PHONE  NAME STREET ADDRESS
740-272-1234	CITY, STATE, ZIP

#### To

Enter the complete mailing address for the recipient. If the recipient is a 'Ham' then include the Call Sign. Leave out the punctuation.

#### Telephone Number

(This is important – Get it) The telephone number is part of the delivery address. Make sure you get the phone number of the recipient. Most messages are delivered by Telephone.

#### This Radio Message was Received At

If you are receiving this message for delivery, then fill out this block. There is an additional *Received block* at the bottom of the Message Form for the "From, Date and Time Information." (see slide 10)

# The Message The Message text and Signature

MARIETTA	DECEMBER	5	_ ×
IS	WELL	×	HOUSE
FLOODED	×	WILL	CALL
END			
	IS FLOODED	IS WELL FLOODED X	IS WELL X FLOODED X WILL

#### The Message Body

Each space contains one word, five to a line. The X indicates a period and the message can be ended with the word 'END' or 'AR'. This message has a 'CHECK' or word count of 17.

#### Signature

There is no space for your signature. Just include it along with your call sign at the bottom of the message.

## Word Counting A word about counting words

#### How the count goes

The box labeled 'Check' is the number of words in the text of the message only. When counting words, numbers count as one word. Punctuation is not used. End each sentence with an X or Xray. (Stands for period).

#### Some examples

Example	Count
Fort Myers Florida	3 words
527B	1 word
FM	1 word
Fifty Six	2 words
H O Townsend	3 words
KK4ABC	1 word

#### Send and Receive

The Received and Sent Blocks



#### The Sent block

If you are the person sending the message fill out this block. The 'To' block is the person/phone number/PBBS/etc. where you left the message. The 'Date' is recorded as MMMDD and the 'Time' is recorded as oooo EDT

#### The REC'D block

If you are using the Radiogram form to receive a message then you fill out this box. This block is the person/phone number/PBBS/etc. who is sending you the message. The 'Date' is recorded as MMMDD and the 'Time' is recorded as oooo EDT. Don't forget the box in the upper right above the message block.

AMATEUR STATION_	najxo	304-000-000
NAME BIII David	dson	
STREET ADDRESS_	Box 1a1	

## The Completed Radiogram

The Completed Form Ready to Send

R BER	RADIOGRAM  VIA AMATEUR RADIO							
NUMBER OO1	PRECEDENCE	нх	STATION OF ORIGIN WasIIM	17		ersburg wv	TIME FILED 2105 EDT	Dec 12
1359			44			THIS RADIO MESSAGE V AMATEUR STATION NAME STREET ADDRESS CITY, STATE, ZIP	WAS RECEIVED AT PHON	Ε
AT	RIVED	M	ARIETTA	DECEMBER		5	×	
EV	ERYONE	1	IS	WELL		X	HOUSE	
72.0	NOT	FL	OODED	X		WILL	CALL	
\$	SOON		END					
Ken H	Harris WA8L	LM				-		
REC'D	ROM	A. Carrier	DATE	TIME	SENT TO		DATE	TIME
WHOSE ADD HANDLED SO ACCEPTED & DELIVERING	RESS IS SHOWN IN THE B DLELY FOR THE PLEASUR! BY A "HAM" OPERATOR, A F THIS MESSAGE TO YOU. I	OX AT RIGH E OF OPERA ETURN ME FURTHER IN	BY A LICENSED AMATEUR RA TABOVE, AS SUCH MESSAGE ATING, NO COMPENSATION CA SSAGE MAY BE FILED WITH FORMATION ON AMATEUR RA IN STREET, NEWINGTON, CT OR	S ARE AN BE HE "HAM" ADIO MAY BE	LICENSED RADIO FUNCTIONS IS PE OPERATORS, TO	MADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC, IS THE AMATEURS AND THE PUBLISHER ROMOTION OF PUBLIC SERVICE O THAT END, THE LEAGUE HAS OR LY NATIONWIDE MESSAGE HAND	R OF QST MAGAZINE, ONE COMMUNICATION AMONG A GANIZED THE NATIONAL TO	OF ITS MATEUR

## Numbered Radiograms



#### The American Radio Relay League RADIOGRAM

Via Amateur Radio

Number 27	Precedence	C	W1GMF	ARL13	ABINGTON, MA	15:30 <b>Z</b>	8 Jan	
то:	enry Ham	/ K5	HAM	This	s Radio Message v	was received a	at:	
123 Elm Street				Name	Amateur Station Date Name Street Address			
	nytown, ]			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	, State, Zip			
Telephon	ne Number: (Ç	999)12 <b>FIFT</b>		RL	FIFTY	S	SIX	
NEW		CALLSIGN		RL	SIXTY		INE	
AMATEL	JR	RADIO	<u> </u>	RLD	8 <u></u>	<u> </u>		
REC'D	From	• i	ondensed way nclude "ARL" n text, include	in check		am number,		

information on Amateur Radio may be obtained from ARRL Headquarters, 225, Main Street, Newington, CT 06111.

shown above, handled this such messages are handled

operating, a "Ham" Operat compensation. A return mes "Ham" delivering this messa spelled out

nationwide message handling.

example: "ARL Forty Six," which counts as 3 words

- don't say labels such as "priority" and "station of origin"
- read at about half of normal reading speed
- say "Break" and unkey immediately before and after the text
- if the text is long, unkey during the text to allow recipient to ask for fills

- Use prowords:
  - "I spell"
  - "figures"
  - "initial"
  - "direction"
  - "operator's note" (usually after the message)

- Other prowords:
  - "over"
  - "out"
  - "clear"
  - "roger"
  - "affirmative"
  - "negative"
  - "say again"

- when spelling, use ITU phonetics
- say "niner" for the number nine
- at the end of the message:
  - say "End, no more", or "End, one more", etc.
  - say your call sign

## Receiving a Message (Phone)

- to ask for "fills", say:
  - "please say again, word after ..."
  - "please say again, word before ..."
  - "please say again, all between ..."
  - "please confirm ..."
- compare the check to the number of words you copied
- once you have copied the message successfully, say "I roger your number ..."

## Note on Message Text

- NEVER "correct" the text of a message.
- If, for some reason, you feel the text was received incorrectly, ask for a fill.
- If the fill is the same as the original copy, but you still feel it is incorrect, NEVER "correct" the text yourself. Use the text as sent to you.
- It is OK to query back to the originator.

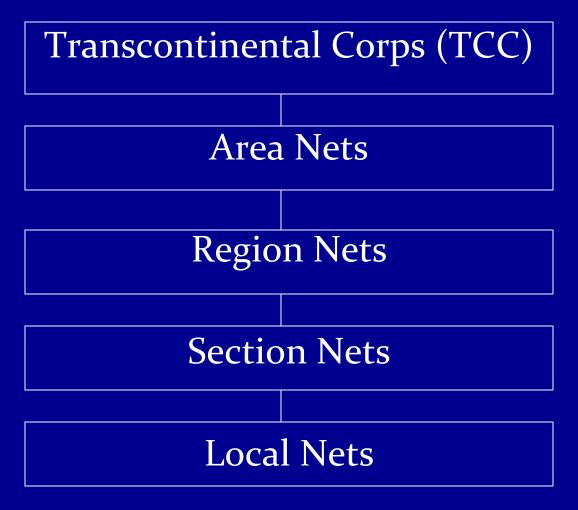
## Delivering a Message

- by telephone, e-mail, US mail
- if delivering by phone, identify yourself and say that you have a "greeting message" or "friendly message"
- don't say "X-ray" or "Query"
- expand ARL radiograms
- if you can't deliver the message, service it back

## Servicing Back

- unable to forward or deliver in 48 hours
- handling instructions request service back
  - HXB
  - HXC
  - HXD
  - HXE
  - HXG
- Use ARL 67 with at least 2 fills

# ARRL National Traffic System (NTS)



#### **SWFTN**

- SouthWest Florida Traffic Net
- Local affiliate of the NTS
- Is a directed net
- Net control first calls for stations with traffic only, then stations with or without traffic
- Net Control directs stations receiving the traffic to call the station sending it

#### **SWFTN**

- when checking in
  - Say "Net Control" then unkey
  - give your call sign phonetically
  - wait to be acknowledged by Net Control
  - list your traffic (or say "no traffic")
  - say if you can handle any of the traffic listed
  - remain on-frequency unless excused by net control