19-1384; Rev 1; 2/99 EVALUATION KIT

FOLLOWS DATA SHEET

# 400MHz to 2500MHz SiGe Ultra-Low-Noise Amplifiers

### **General Description**

**Applications** 

The MAX2640/MAX2641 are low-cost, ultra-low-noise

amplifiers designed for applications in the cellular, PCS,

GPS, and 2.4GHz ISM frequency bands. Operating from

a single +2.7V to +5.5V supply, these devices consume

only 3.5mA of current while providing a low noise fig-

ure, high gain, high input IP3, and an operating fre-

The MAX2640 is optimized for 400MHz to 1500MHz

applications, with a typical performance of 15.1dB gain, input IP3 of -10dBm, and a noise figure of 0.9dB at

900MHz. The MAX2641 is optimized for 1400MHz to

2500MHz applications, with a typical performance of

14.4dB gain, an input IP3 of -4dBm, and a noise figure

These devices are internally biased, eliminating the

need for external bias resistors and chokes. In a typical

application, the only external components needed are a

two-element input match, input and output blocking

The MAX2640/MAX2641 are designed on a high-fre-

quency, low-noise, advanced silicon-germanium

process and are offered in the space-saving 6-pin

400MHz/900MHz/2.4GHz ISM Radios

quency range that extends from 400MHz to 2500MHz.

**Features** 

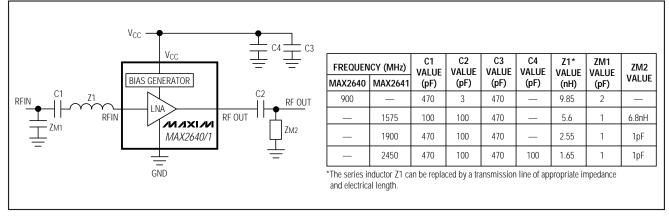
- Wide Operating Frequency Range MAX2640: 400MHz to 1500MHz MAX2641: 1400MHz to 2500MHz
- Low Noise Figure MAX2640: 0.9dB at 900MHz MAX2641: 1.2dB at 1575MHz 1.3dB at 1900MHz 1.5dB at 2450MHz
- + High Gain
  - MAX2640: 15.1dB at 900MHz MAX2641: 15.7dB at 1575MHz 14.4dB at 1900MHz 13.5dB at 2450MHz
- High Reverse Isolation MAX2640: 40dB at 900MHz MAX2641: 31dB at 1575MHz 30dB at 1900MHz 24dB at 2450MHz
- + +2.7V to +5.5V Single-Supply Operation
- Low 3.5mA Supply Current
- + Ultra-Small SOT23-6 Package

### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	SOT TOP MARK
MAX2640EUT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SOT23-6	AAAV
MAX2641EUT-T	-40°C to +85°C	6 SOT23-6	AAAW

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

# \_Typical Operating Circuits



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capacitors, and a V<sub>CC</sub> bypass capacitor.

Wireless LANs Wireless Data

of 1.3dB at 1900MHz.

SOT23 package.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>CC</sub> to GND	-0.3V to +6V
RFIN Power (50 $\Omega$ source) (Note 1)	+5dBm
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
SOT23-6 (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C)	696mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 1: Pin must be AC-coupled with a DC blocking capacitor.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.7V to +5.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
Operating Supply Current	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		3.5	4.7	mA
Operating Supply Current	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			6.4	

### **RF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V, P<sub>RFIN</sub> = -34dBm,  $Z_O$  = 50 $\Omega$ , T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 2 and 3)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
MAX2640 (f <sub>RFIN</sub> = 900MHz)		1			1
RFIN Frequency Range		400		1500	MHz
Gain		12.8	15.1		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$		0.6	1.7	dB
Noise Figure	(Note 4)		0.9	1.1	dB
Input Return Loss			-11		dB
Output Return Loss			-14		dB
Reverse Isolation			40		dB
Input 1dB Gain Compression Point			-22		dBm
Input Third-Order Intercept Point	(Note 5)		-10		dBm
MAX2641 (f <sub>RFIN</sub> = 1900MHz)		1			
RFIN Frequency Range		1400		2500	MHz
Gain		12.4	14.4		dB
Gain Variation Over Temperature	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$		0.9	2.4	dB
Noise Figure	(Note 4)		1.3	1.5	dB
Input Return Loss			-12		dB
Output Return Loss			-12		dB
Reverse Isolation			30		dB
Input 1dB Gain Compression Point			-21		dBm
Input Third-Order Intercept Point	(Note 6)		-4		dBm

#### **RF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V, P<sub>RFIN</sub> = -34dBm,  $Z_O$  = 50 $\Omega$ , T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 2 and 3)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
MAX2641 (f <sub>RFIN</sub> = 1575MHz)		l			
Gain			15.7		dB
Noise Figure	(Note 4)		1.2		dB
Input Return Loss			-8		dB
Output Return Loss			-15		dB
Reverse Isolation			-31		dB
Input 1dB Gain Compression Point			-21		dBm
Input Third-Order Intercept Point	(Note 7)		+1.4		dBm
MAX2641 (f <sub>RFIN</sub> = 2450MHz)	L	L			
Gain			13.5		dB
Noise Figure	(Note 4)		1.5		dB
Input Return Loss			-10		dB
Output Return Loss			-11		dB
Reverse Isolation			-24		dB
Input 1dB Gain Compression Point			-19		dBm
Input Third-Order Intercept Point	(Note 8)		-2.5		dBm

Note 2: Guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 3:** Measured using typical operating circuit. Input and output impedance matching networks were optimized for best simultaneous gain and noise-figure performance.

Note 4: External component and circuit losses degrade noise-figure performance. Specification excludes external component and circuit board losses.

**Note 5:** Measured with two input tones,  $f_1 = 899MHz$ ,  $f_2 = 901MHz$ , both at -34dBm per tone.

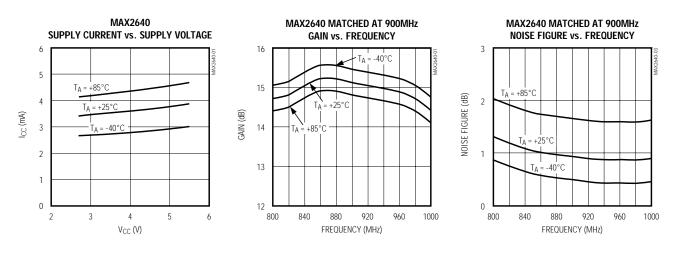
**Note 6:** Measured with two input tones,  $f_1 = 1899MHz$ ,  $f_2 = 1901MHz$ , both at -34dBm per tone.

Note 7: Measured with two input tones,  $f_1 = 1574MHz$ ,  $f_2 = 1576MHz$ , both at -34dBm per tone.

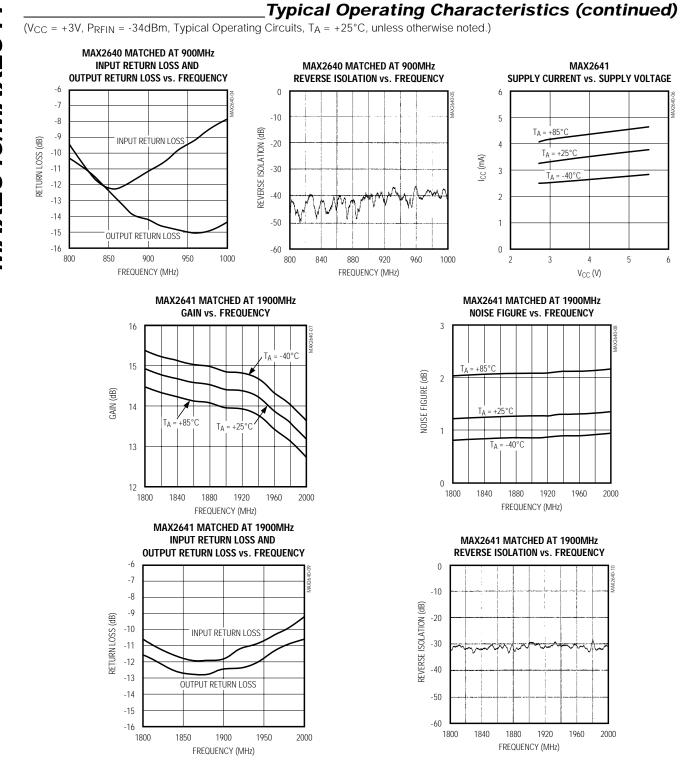
Note 8: Measured with two input tones,  $f_1 = 2449MHz$ ,  $f_2 = 2451MHz$ , both at -34dBm per tone.

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V, P<sub>RFIN</sub> = -34dBm, Typical Operating Circuits,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX2640/MAX264



MAX2640/MAX2641

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# Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION		
1RFINAmplifier Input. AC-couple to this pin with a DC blocking capacitor. Use recommended input matchin network (see <i>Typical Operating Circuit</i> ).				
2, 3, 5 GND Ground. For optimum performance, provide a low inductance connection to the ground plane.				
4	RFOUT	Amplifier Output. Use the recommended series blocking or matching capacitor (see <i>Typical Operating Circuit</i> ).		
6	Vcc	Supply Voltage. Bypass to ground directly at the supply pin. The value of the bypass capacitor is deter- mined by the lowest operating frequency. Additional bypassing may be necessary for long V <sub>CC</sub> lines (see <i>Typical Operating Circuit</i> ).		

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX2640 and MAX2641 are ultra-low-noise amplifiers that operate with RF input frequency ranges of 400MHz to 1500MHz (MAX2640) or 1400MHz to 2500MHz (MAX2641). These devices are available in SOT23-6 packages and contain internal bias circuitry to minimize the number of required external components. Their small size and low external component count make them ideal for applications where board space is limited.

# Applications Information

#### **External Matching Components**

The MAX2640/MAX2641 are easy to use, generally requiring only five external components as shown in the Typical Operating Circuit. To reduce external component count further, replace external inductors with microstrip transmission lines. The high reverse isolation allows the tuning of the input matching network without affecting the output match, and vice versa. Select input and output matching networks to obtain the desired combination of gain, noise figure, and return loss performance. The Typical Operating Circuits show the recommended input and output matching networks for the MAX2640/MAX2641 at 900MHz and 1900MHz, respectively. These values are optimized for best simultaneous gain, noise figure, and return loss performance. To aid in the design of matching networks for other frequencies, Tables 1 and 2 list typical device Sparameters and Tables 3 and 4 list typical device noise parameters.

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 MAG	PHASE	S21 MAG	PHASE	S12 MAG	PHASE	S22 MAG	PHASE
400	0.907	-35.1	4.62	109.1	0.001	13.5	0.302	108.4
500	0.882	-43.1	4.70	90.4	0.001	64.7	0.33	93.6
600	0.858	-50.8	4.76	70.7	0.001	55.2	0.352	81.5
700	0.832	-58.1	4.80	50.6	0.002	39.4	0.365	69.4
800	0.810	-64.9	4.85	29.5	0.004	64.2	0.384	56.8
900	0.788	-71.0	4.77	9.2	0.005	36.3	0.396	44.7
1000	0.771	-76.6	4.74	-12.0	0.007	28.0	0.412	33.5
1100	0.749	-82.3	4.55	-32.4	0.010	12.3	0.436	21.9
1200	0.735	-88.0	4.48	-53.4	0.013	-10.6	0.455	10.7
1300	0.720	-93.4	4.24	-75.9	0.015	-28.2	0.469	-0.2
1400	0.702	-98.8	4.17	-94.9	0.021	-42.9	0.482	-9.9
1500	0.688	-104.9	3.81	-117.5	0.024	-59.8	0.489	-20.2

### Table 1. MAX2640 Typical Scattering Parameters at VCC = +3V, TA = +25°C

Table 2. MAX2641 Typical Scattering Parameters at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C

FREQUENCY (MHz)	S11 MAG	PHASE	S21 MAG	PHASE	S12 MAG	PHASE	S22 MAG	PHASE
1500	0.734	-75.5	4.397	-90.5	0.013	-80.3	0.535	17.7
1600	0.717	-80.3	4.209	-109.8	0.016	-91.9	0.514	8.6
1700	0.695	-85.3	4.193	-131.6	0.018	-116.5	0.513	-0.5
1800	0.678	-90.6	3.876	-150.0	0.021	-128.7	0.510	-10.6
1900	0.661	-96.6	3.801	-173.5	0.023	-150.6	0.493	-21.6
2000	0.646	-102.6	3.456	166.9	0.026	-166.6	0.470	-32.0
2100	0.632	-108.8	3.302	146.4	0.028	171.7	0.431	-43.4
2200	0.620	-114.0	2.981	123.6	0.029	150.7	0.403	-56.1
2300	0.610	-119.4	2.781	105.3	0.033	132.2	0.374	-69.4
2400	0.604	-124.6	2.430	82.9	0.032	111.2	0.338	-86.2
2500	0.603	-128.4	2.118	64.7	0.030	95.7	0.316	-98.3

### Table 3. MAX2640 Typical Noise Parameters at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C

FREQUENCY (MHz)	f <sub>MIN</sub> (dB)	$\Gamma$ opt	Г <sub>opt</sub> ANGLE	R <sub>N</sub> (Ω)
400	0.66	0.56	21	12.5
500	0.69	0.54	25	11.9
600	0.72	0.51	30	11.3
700	0.75	0.48	35	10.8
800	0.78	0.46	40	10.2
900	0.82	0.43	45	9.7
1000	0.85	0.40	50	9.3
1100	0.89	0.37	56	8.8
1200	0.93	0.35	62	8.3
1300	0.97	0.32	68	7.9
1400	1.01	0.29	77	7.4
1500	1.06	0.26	84	7.0

#### Table 4. MAX2641 Typical Noise Parameters at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C

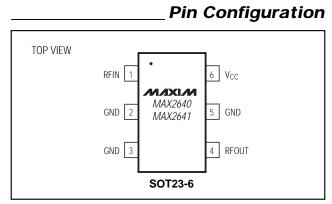
FREQUENCY (MHz)	f <sub>MIN</sub> (dB)	$ \Gamma_{opt} $	$\Gamma_{opt}$ ANGLE	<b>R<sub>N</sub> (</b> Ω <b>)</b>
1500	1.02	0.43	44	12.4
1600	1.05	0.40	47	11.8
1700	1.08	0.38	50	11.3
1800	1.10	0.36	54	10.8
1900	1.14	0.32	58	10.3
2000	1.17	0.30	62	9.9
2100	1.20	0.28	66	9.4
2200	1.23	0.25	71	9.0
2300	1.27	0.22	77	8.6
2400	1.30	0.19	82	8.3
2500	1.34	0.17	91	8.0

#### Layout and Power-Supply Bypassing

A properly designed PC board is essential to any RF/microwave circuit. Be sure to use controlled impedance lines on all high-frequency inputs and outputs. The power supply should be bypassed with decoupling capacitors located close to the device  $V_{CC}$  pins. For long  $V_{CC}$  lines, it may be necessary to add additional decoupling capacitors. These additional capacitors can be located further away from the device package.

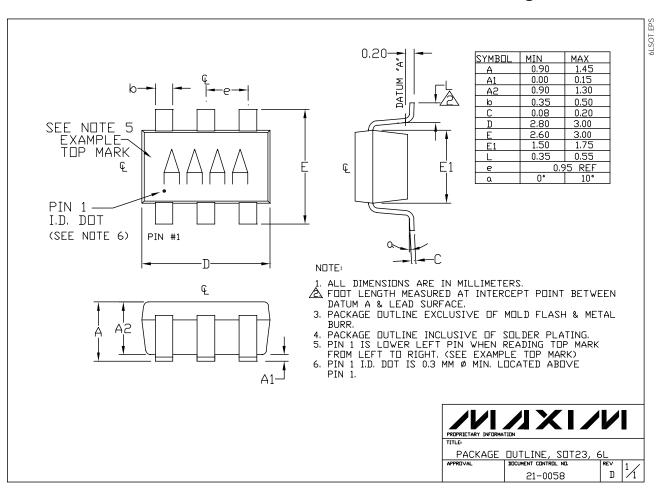
Proper grounding of the GND pins is essential. If the PC board uses a topside RF ground, connect it directly to all GND pins. For a board where the ground plane is not on the component side, the best technique is to connect the GND pin to the board with a plated through-hole close to the package.

#### ///XI//



Package Information

M/IXI/M



MAX2640/MAX2641

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