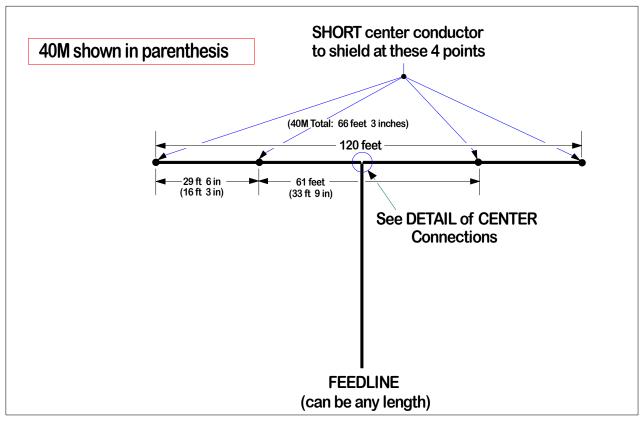
## The WA4EZN DOUBLE BAZOOKA Coaxial Antenna



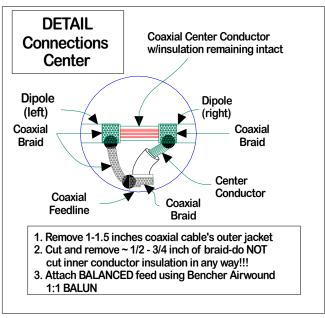
This antenna was described on the air to me by Lucky, WA4EZN many years ago. I have enjoyed the use of several of them over the years. THIS Bazooka design is not really all that broadbanded... but it is a VERY quiet antenna, and does quite well out to 1000 miles even when mounted @ 15/20 ft and interspersed through the trees!

## NOTES

- 1. All RG-58 or RG-8X-incl. feedline
- 2. Note that feedpoint is BALANCED, so a balun should be useful in obtaining an undistorted radiation pattern.
- 3. The antenna WILL need pruning. Every one of these I have made, using this formula, has been LOWER in frequency than I had calculated-I suspect because I have usually mounted them as an Inverted-Vee, with the ends only about 6 ft above ground. But trimming is always better than splicing!
- 4. To find the REAL center freq. (lowest SWR) and 3:1 endpoints, use one of the Antenna Bridges such as the AEA. You must remove (or add) 4 EQUAL PARTS <u>EACH TIME</u> you make a pruning change.
- 5. Determine ACTUAL center freq. then calculate the corresponding <u>EFFECTIVE</u> length. Now, since you already calculated the <u>INTENDED</u> length, the <u>DIFFERENCE</u> is how much you add or remove (effective minus intended). Take that amount, divide it by 4 (to distribute the change equally) and apply that amount to each joint. Add or remove <u>EQUALLY</u> on either side of the joint, which distributes the amount of the correction equally!
- 6. Retest until correct-or at least reasonable SWR is obtained.

## AFTER final tuning:

6. Sealing ALL joints: use a layer of Coax-Seal or those great 3-M Sealing patches, followed by complete encapsulation in epoxy. You can use this method to also encapsulate a suitable eyebolt for the end-support line.



75 Meters: (3900 kHz)

TL = 120 feet
a. Cut 1 pc. 61 ft long
b. Cut 2 pcs. 29 ft. 6 in. each
40 Meters: (7060 kHz)

TL = 66 ft 3 in

a. Cut 1 pc. 33 ft 9 in long b. Cut 2 pcs. 16 ft 3 in long