



MOTOTRBO™

Application Development Kit Overview

COPYRIGHTS

Motorola disclaims any liability for any use of the specification. Motorola limits all warranties to the extent allowed by law. Furthermore, Motorola reserves the right to change this specification at any time without any prior notification, and there is no guarantee that such changes will be backwards compatible with previous versions of the specification.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1	4
1.0 What is MOTOTRBO™?	4
Section 2	6
2.0 Extending the MOTOTRBO™ Product	6
2.1 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Option Board ADK</i>	6
2.2 <i>MOTOTRBO™ XCMP-Based IP Capable Peripheral ADK</i>	8
2.3 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Non- IP Capable Peripheral ADK</i>	9
2.4 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK</i>	11
2.5 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK</i>	13
2.6 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK</i>	14
2.7 <i>MOTOTRBO™ Automatic Registration Service (ARS) ADK</i>	16
2.8 <i>Presence Notifier</i>	17
2.9 <i>Data Services</i>	18
Section 3	20
3.0 Professional Radio Application Developer Program	20
Section 4	22
4.0 Service & Support for Application Development	22
Section 5	23
5.0 Further Information and Contact	23
Section 6	24
6.0 Appendix: ADK Document Map	24

1 Section 1

2 1.0 What is MOTOTRBO™?

3

4 MOTOTRBO™ is Motorola's next generation of Professional Radio that is capable of
5 analog and digital two-way communications. In addition to the standard features
6 available with Motorola's other analog-based products, MOTOTRBO™ brings digital
7 enhancement to the voice quality as well as an expanded feature set to this product tier.

8

9 While operating in digital mode, MOTOTRBO™ uses a two-slot Time Division Multiple
10 Access (TDMA) air interface to transmit and receive digitized voice and air protocol
11 control messages simultaneously. This leads to a higher quality of service (QoS) and a
12 richer user experience with the product.

13

14 With the digital mode operation of the MOTOTRBO™ system, customers can expect
15 end-to-end operation of advanced features and integrated applications such as text
16 messaging, Location-Based Services (LBS), and telemetry as well as customized
17 capabilities provided through an internal option board.

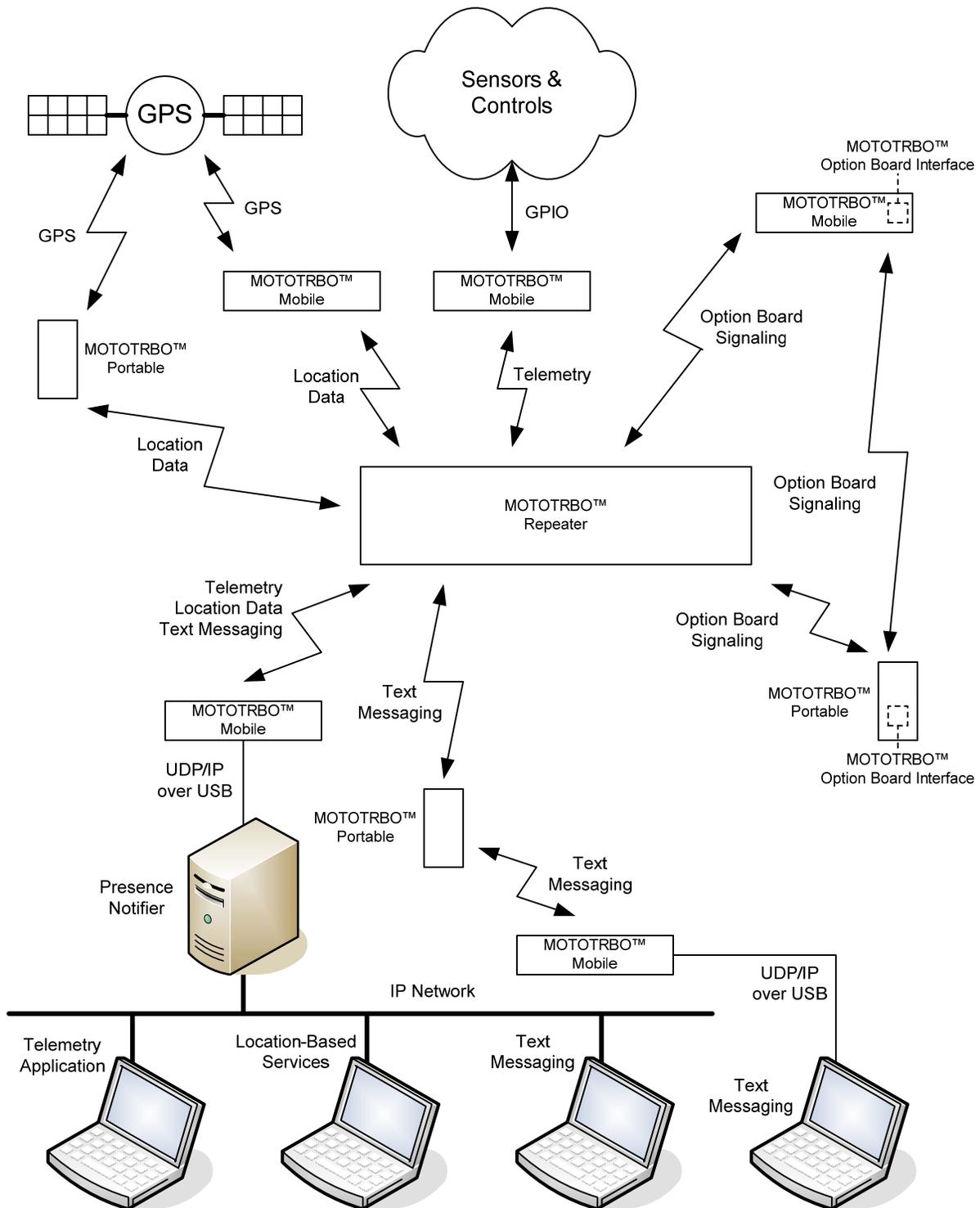


Figure 1 - MOTOTRBO™ System Example

18
19

20 Section 2

21 **2.0 Extending the MOTOTRBO™ Product**

22 Aside from the functionality embedded in the radio, the MOTOTRBO™ subscriber's
23 capabilities can be extended through defined application programming interfaces for 3rd
24 party developer use. The MOTOTRBO™ Application Development Kits (ADKs) offer an
25 opportunity to customize a solution specifically to a customer's need.

26
27 The MOTOTRBO™ ADKs are comprised of protocol specifications and development
28 guidelines that are intended as technical references for the external vendor. These
29 ADKs not only include software specifications, but also include electrical and
30 mechanical specifications, where applicable. Each interface's set of technical
31 references also detail the specific domain knowledge required to successfully
32 implement a 3rd party application for the MOTOTRBO™ product.

33
34 These are the primary ADKs for developer use:

- 35
- 36 • MOTOTRBO™ Option Board ADK
- 37 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP-Based IP Peripheral ADK
- 38 • MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK
- 39 • MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK
- 40 • MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK
- 41 • MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP Capable Peripheral ADK

42
43 Please refer to the individual ADK sections for more information on the interface. Refer
44 also to the Appendix: ADK Document Map for more information on document
45 components for each ADK.

46

47 **2.1 MOTOTRBO™ Option Board ADK**

48 The MOTOTRBO™ portable and mobile radios provide a physical and logical
49 interface to accommodate an internal option board with an onboard processor
50 and embedded logic. This option board interface is the means by which an option
51 board, executing its own software application, interoperates with the main board
52 firmware to create the custom end-user solution.

53
54 The option board interface of the MOTOTRBO™ product uses the Extended
55 Command and Management Protocol (XCMP) to establish a communication
56 mechanism between the option board device and the radio. Through this
57 protocol, the option board can request notification of ergonomic events such as
58 button presses or signals (i.e. carrier detect, PL detect, etc.) in order to take
59 further action to process a customized feature. The option board can also
60 request the radio to execute certain actions such as display text or route audio in
61 order to present a specific ergonomic experience to the user. In addition, the

62 option board can activate or de-activate specific functionality, such as scan, the
 63 menu system, or an over-the-air data session, to execute the behavior of a new
 64 feature.

65
 66 The option board interface uses a Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) to transport
 67 the XCMP control and data messages within XCMP Network Layer (XNL)
 68 packets to and from the radio and its available services. The SSI is comprised of
 69 four logic lines: clock, sync, data in, and data out. The option board uses the SSI
 70 to transport logical and audio data to and from the radio. There are no dedicated
 71 analog audio lines on the option board interface. Whether the MOTOTRBO™
 72 radio is operating in analog or digital mode, all audio is encoded into digital
 73 format and transported on the SSI bus.

74
 75 The SSI bus is a multi-slotted Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) communication
 76 channel that is shared with other chips and devices contained within or attached
 77 to the Radio Host.

78

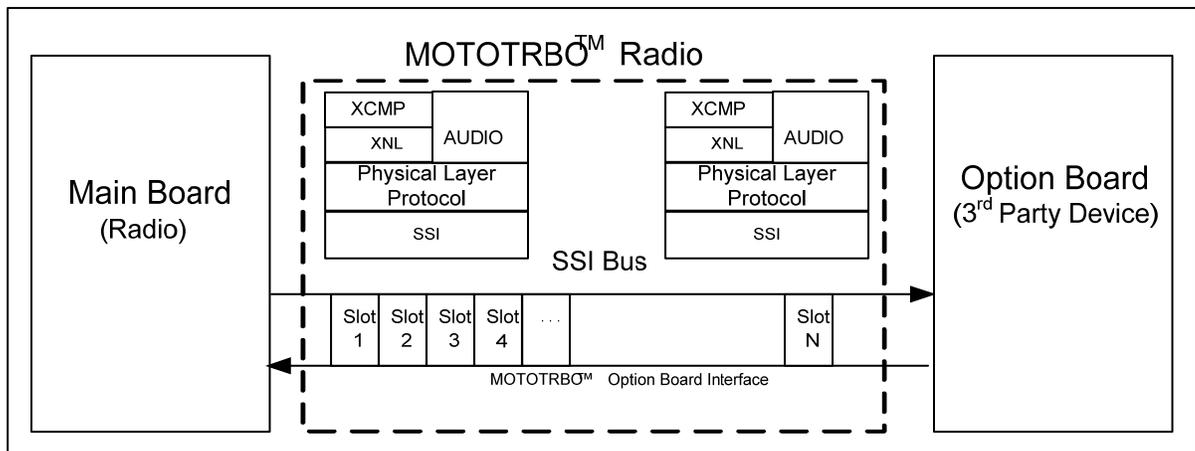


Figure 2 - MOTOTRBO™ Option Board Interface Architecture

79
 80 Through the MOTOTRBO™ Option Board interface, custom applications can be
 81 created to achieve a desired user operation while the MOTOTRBO™ radio is
 82 operating in either analog or digital mode. The extended functionality provided by
 83 an option board can be a basic ergonomic feature, such as a “Man-Down” lone
 84 worker application, or an advanced signal processing feature, such as a custom
 85 signaling system format.

86
 87
 88
 89 The MOTOTRBO™ Option Board interface also has the extended capability to
 90 communicate with other devices within the radio system. This includes Data
 91 Applications which are integrated into the Radio Network through a PC
 92 environment. These Data Applications communicate using User Datagram
 93 Protocol over Internet Protocol (UDP/IP) sent over the Common Air Interface
 94 (CAI) of the MOTOTRBO™ Radio. Interoperation with Data Applications is only
 95 available while MOTOTRBO™ is operating in digital mode.

96
97 For more information about the MOTOTRBO™ Option Board interface, please
98 see the following references:

- 99
100
- 101 • MOTOTRBO™ Option Board ADK Guide
 - 102 • MOTOTRBO™ Option Board PROIS Cross-reference
 - 103 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP / XNL Development Guide
 - 104 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP / XNL Development Specification

105 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
106 sections contained within this overview.
107

108 **2.2 MOTOTRBO™XCMP-Based IP Capable Peripheral ADK**

109 To expand the capability of the MOTOTRBO™ portable and mobile radios, an
110 accessory connector is available as a means to provide external physical and
111 logical interface. This interface allows the radio to function as a USB device
112 attached to an IP capable peripheral.

113
114 The MOTOTRBO™ radio is able to send/receive XCMP/XNL message from an
115 external IP capable device via a unique TCP port. The radio attached to the
116 external IP capable device executes the XCMP commands from the external
117 application and reports the status change.

118
119 Although it operates as a USB device when an external IP capable device
120 connects through the radio accessory connector, the MOTOTRBO™ subscriber
121 is still considered a master device within the XCMP/XNL architecture.

122
123 When communicating with the radio's XCMP/XNL interface, the external IP
124 capable device becomes an XCMP device. Therefore it can even directly
125 communicate with other XCMP devices connected to the radio, for example, the
126 Option Board through XCMP/XNL message.

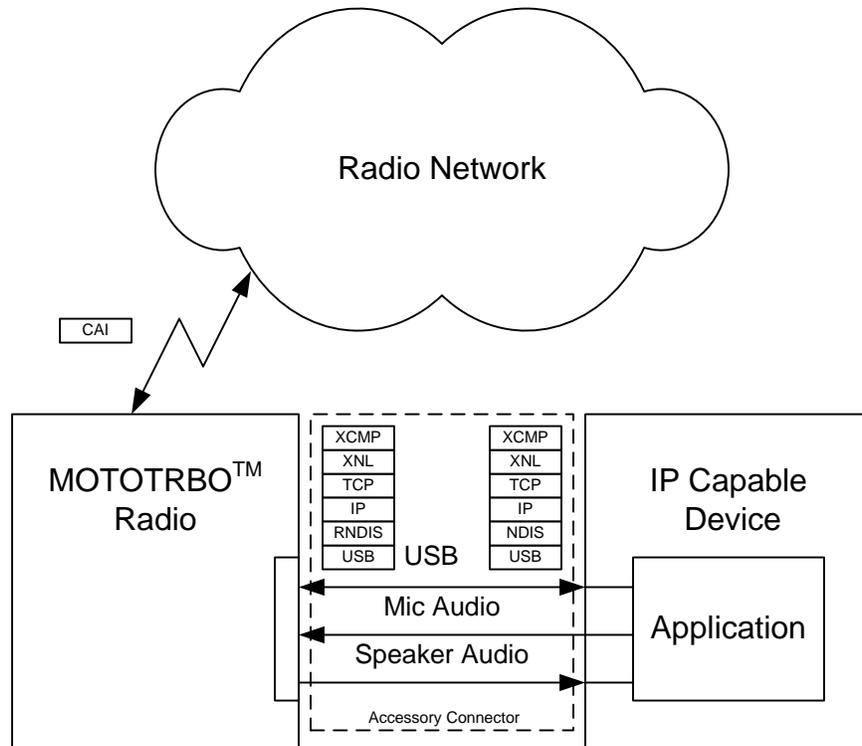
127
128 As an example, Figure 3 illustrates the interface architecture for the
129 MOTOTRBO™ IP capable peripheral with an XCMP-based application.

130
131 For more information about the XCMP IP capable peripheral and also its
132 operation with other applications offered by the MOTOTRBO™ radio, please see
133 the following references:

- 134
- 135 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP Development Guide
 - 136 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP Developer Specification
 - 137 • MOTOTRBO™ ADK Data Services Overview
 - 138 • MOTOTRBO™ Third Party Peripheral Cable ADK

139
 140
 141

For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate sections contained within this overview.



142
 143

Figure 3: MOTOTRBO™ IP Capable Peripheral Application Interface Architecture

144

2.3 MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP Capable Peripheral ADK

145 The Non-IP Capable Peripheral is a self-powered device that attaches to the
 146 portable or mobile radio through its accessory connector. It does not use an IP
 147 stack to communicate with the radio. The peripheral acts as the USB-Host and
 148 uses XCMP commands to communicate with the MOTOTRBO™ radio. The
 149 MOTOTRBO™ radio acts as the USB device in the USB connection.

150

151 Below are some examples of possible non-IP Peripheral applications that could
 152 be developed by third parties:

- 153 • Bar code reader – e.g. inventory management to send bar code info
- 154 • RFID reader – e.g. to send customer specific data
- 155 • Printer – mobile printer connected to a radio
- 156 • VoIP Gateway –e.g. used as telephone interconnect solution
- 157 • Voice Recorder – e.g. to record and store of voice calls and caller
 158 information

159

160 Universal Serial Bus (USB, version 1.1) is used for the physical layer
 161 communication.

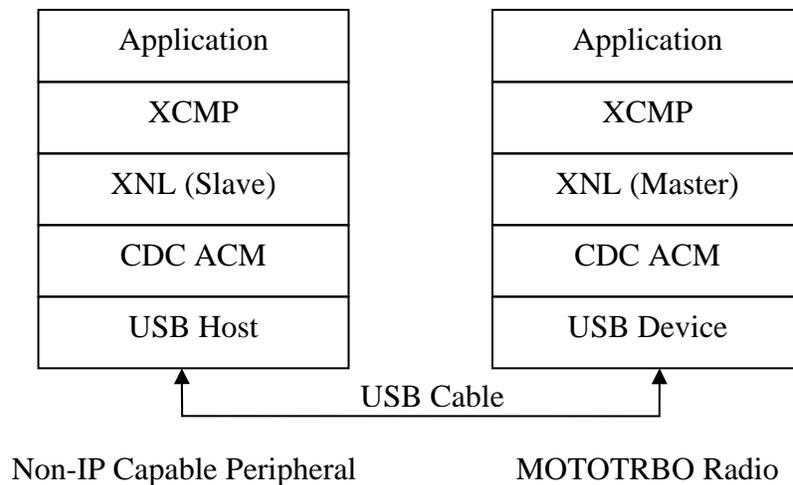
162

163 The CDC/ACM class driver is used as the USB device stack to communicate with
 164 the Non-IP Capable Peripheral USB system driver.

165
 166 XCMP/XNL is used as the application communication protocol between the Non-
 167 IP Capable Peripheral and the MOTOTRBO™ radio. The Non-IP Capable
 168 Peripheral is considered a non-master device within the XCMP/XNL architecture.
 169 The XCMP/XNL protocol provides a set of commands for an external device to
 170 control and manage the MOTOTRBO™ radios.

171
 172 The USB and XNL connections are independent of the analog/digital RF modes
 173 of operation. The Non-IP Capable peripheral does not need to re-establish the
 174 USB or XNL connections after mode change.

175
 176 As an example, Figure 4 illustrates the interface architecture for the
 177 MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP capable peripheral.
 178



179
 180 **Figure 4: MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP Capable Peripheral Application Interface Architecture**

181
 182 For more information about the Non-IP capable peripheral and also its operation
 183 with other applications offered by the MOTOTRBO™ radio, please see the
 184 following references:

- 185
- 186 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP Development Guide
- 187 • MOTOTRBO™ XCMP Developer Specification
- 188 • MOTOTRBO™ Third Party Peripheral Cable ADK
- 189 • MOTOTRBO™ ADK Data Services Overview
- 190

191 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
192 sections contained within this overview.
193

194 **2.4 MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK**

195 The MOTOTRBO™ product can be customized for telemetry operation by
196 developing a PC-based application using the MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry interface.
197 A Telemetry Services PC application interoperates with a MOTOTRBO™ radio
198 via direct USB connection and can monitor or control the general purpose inputs
199 and outputs (GPIOs) of a radio. Telemetry operation is available while the
200 MOTOTRBO™ product is operating in digital mode only.

201
202 Telemetry operation is available on 3 GPIOs for the MOTOTRBO™ portable and
203 on 5 GPIOs for the MOTOTRBO™ mobile. The status of telemetry events can be
204 queried for inputs or outputs. The state transition of telemetry inputs can also be
205 announced and shown on a display-capable MOTOTRBO™ radio.

206
207 Routing of telemetry information in the radio network is accomplished using
208 UDP/IP. The destination of the telemetry data can be either to a Telemetry
209 Services PC application or to another device such as an option board. The
210 Telemetry interface can also broadcast telemetry status over-the-air to specific
211 MOTOTRBO™ subscribers within the radio network.
212

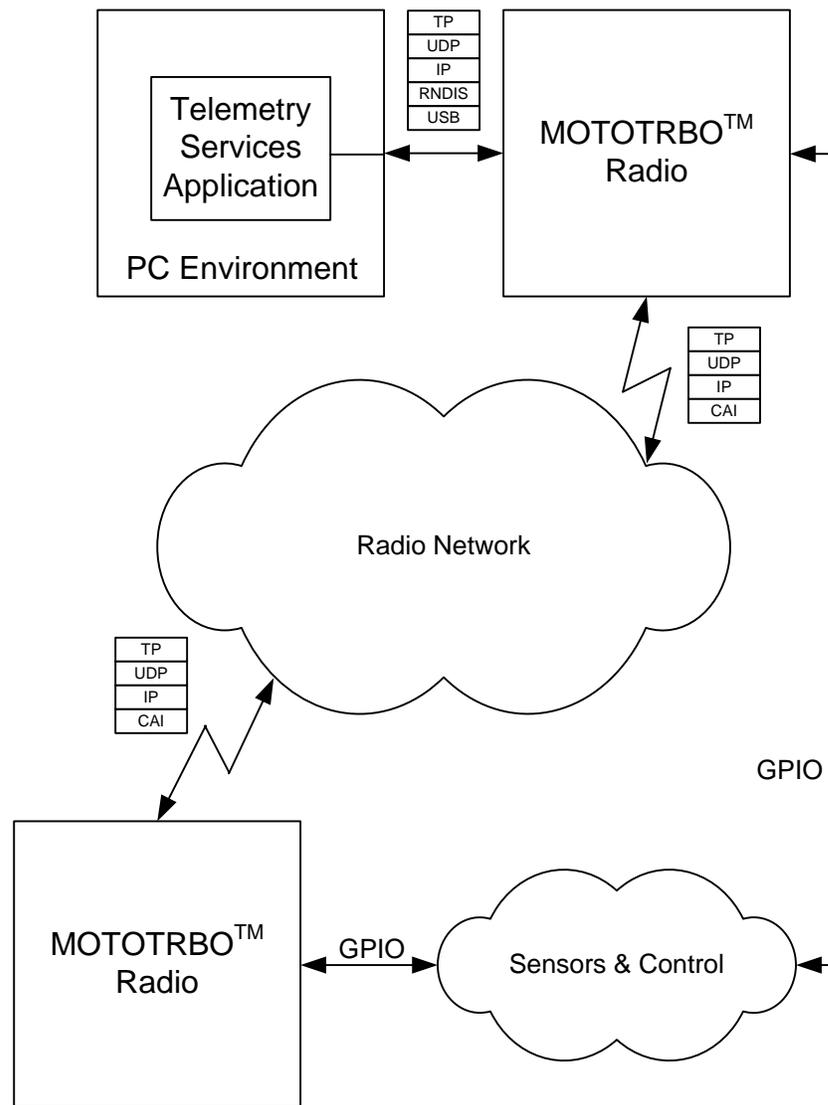


Figure 5 – MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry Interface Architecture

213
 214
 215
 216
 217
 218
 219
 220
 221
 222
 223
 224
 225

The Telemetry interface enables remote detection or activation of events through the MOTOTRBO™ system. An example of a telemetry-based solution is an irrigation system that is automatically activated based on average moisture level.

For more information about the MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry interface, please see the following references:

- MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK Guide
- MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry Protocol Specification
- MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview

- MOTOTRBO™ Third Party Peripheral Cable ADK

226
227
228
229
230

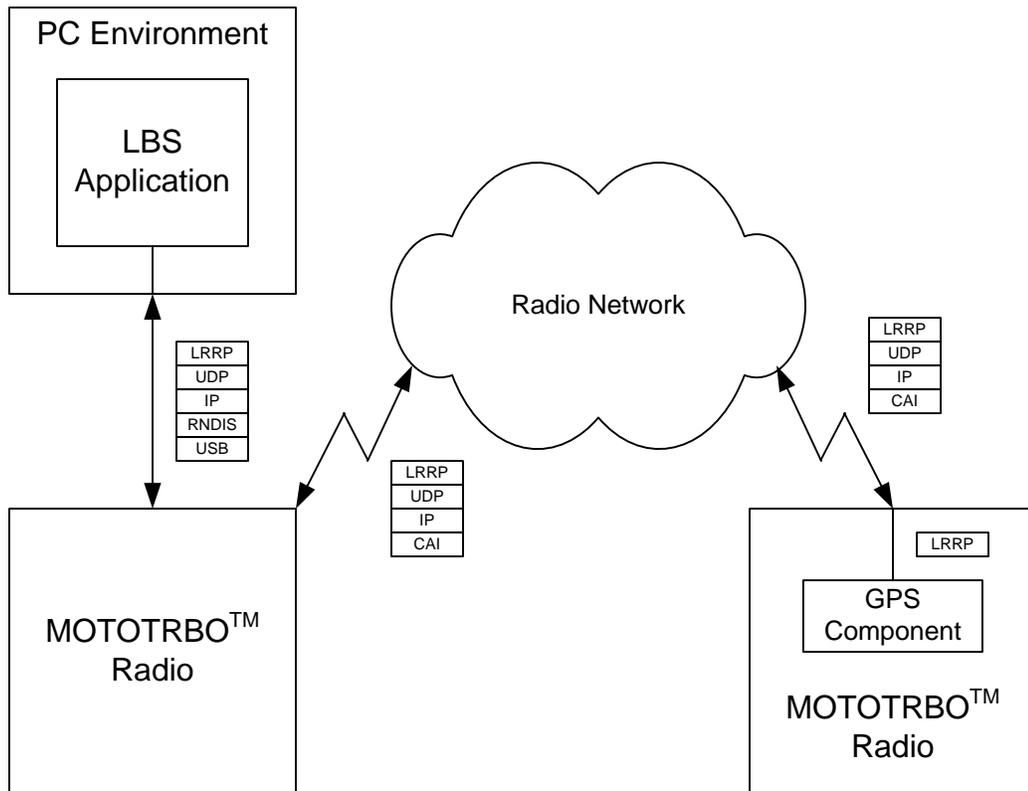
For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate sections contained within this overview.

231 **2.5 MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK**

232 The MOTOTRBO™ product features optional embedded GPS capability for
 233 Location-Based Services (LBS) with the portable and mobile radio. The location
 234 function provides latitude, longitude, altitude, velocity, and heading data for the
 235 radio. A LBS PC application can also interoperate with the MOTOTRBO™
 236 product to record a timestamp of reported location data for any specified radio.
 237 The Location Data interface is available while the MOTOTRBO™ product is
 238 operating in digital mode only.

239
240
241
242
243

Location status can be configured for periodic or on-request reporting during normal operation. During emergency operation, the MOTOTRBO™ radio can be configured for more frequent reporting of location data.



244
245

Figure 6 – MOTOTRBO™ Location Data Interface Architecture

246 Messages for requests and responses for location data are handled through the
247 Location Request and Response Protocol (LRRP). LRRP is a location data
248 reporting protocol that is optimized for use within the MOTOTRBO™ Radio
249 Network. LRRP control and data messages are sent via the Radio Network within
250 UDP/IP packets that are transported over the Common Air Interface (CAI). The
251 LRRP messages are processed directly by the embedded GPS components
252 inside the MOTOTRBO™ radio as well as within the LBS PC application. The
253 Location Data interface can also interoperate with the MOTOTRBO™ Option
254 Board interface to route location data directly to a custom option board device.
255

256 The Location Data interface facilitates asset tracking via location-based services.
257 For example, a LBS application can provide an Automated Vehicle Location
258 (AVL) capability to track the position of delivery trucks in the coverage area of the
259 MOTOTRBO™ system.

260
261 For more information about the MOTOTRBO™ Location Data interface, please
262 see the following references:

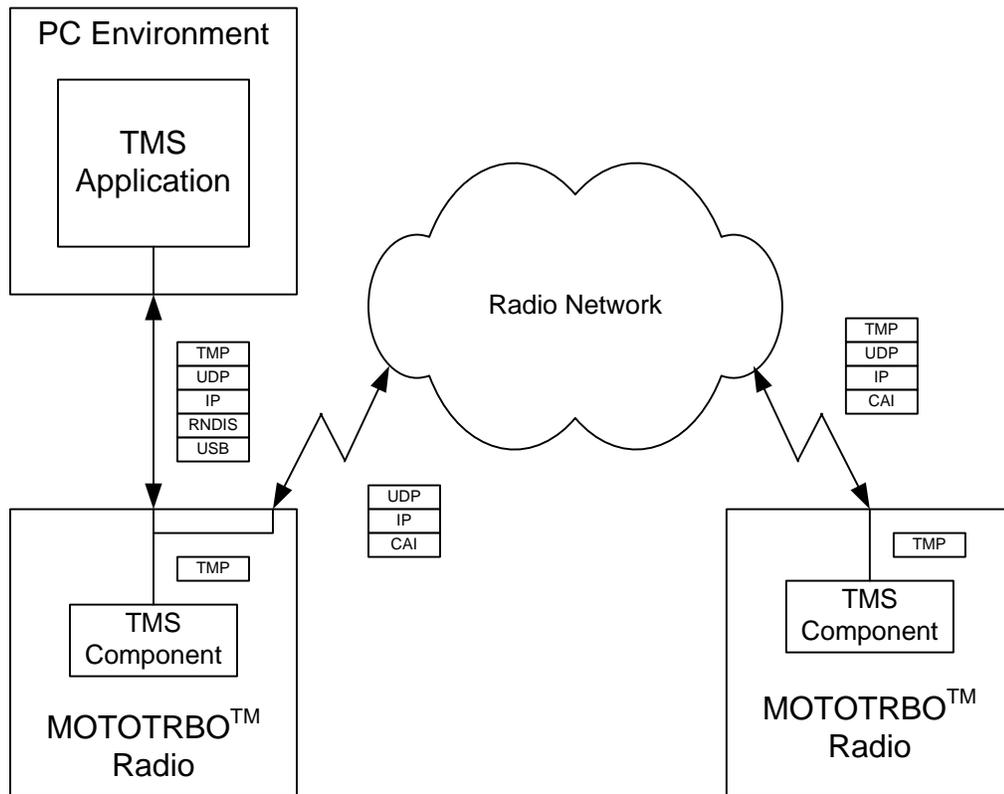
- 263
- 264 • MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK Guide
- 265 • MOTOTRBO™ Location Request and Response Protocol (LRRP)
266 Specification
- 267 • Motorola Binary XML Encoding Specification
- 268 • MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview
- 269

270 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
271 sections contained within this overview.
272

273 **2.6 MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK**

274 The MOTOTRBO™ product includes embedded text messaging capability for
275 one-to-one or one-to-many device destinations. This capability can be extended
276 to interoperate with a PC-based application to provide enhanced Text Messaging
277 Services (TMS) using the Text Messaging interface of the MOTOTRBO™ radio.
278 The TMS feature is available while the MOTOTRBO™ product is operating in
279 digital mode only.

280
281 A text message containing up to 140 characters can be sent between a
282 subscriber, talkgroup, subscriber with an attached PC (via USB), dispatcher
283 client, or external network (i.e. the Internet). These messages can be pre-canned
284 or composed along with a received message inbox for later viewing.
285



286

287

Figure 7 – MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging Services Interface Architecture

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

Text messages are routed within the Radio Network as UDP/IP packets transported over the MOTOTRBO™ Common Air Interface (CAI). The destination of text messages is determined by the target IP address and port number. This enables the routing of text messages to two logically different devices that are physically connected together (e.g. PC attached to MOTOTRBO™ radio via USB). In addition, the Text Message interface interoperates with the MOTOTRBO™ Option Board interface to route text messages directly to the option board for processing.

The Text Messaging Services interface provides alternate methods for sending and receiving text messages within the MOTOTRBO™ system. A model implementation of this interface would be a PC-based dispatch messaging center. The messaging center contains a user interface for typing text messages to be sent to an individual radio or a group of radios as well as an output screen for displaying received messages.

307 For more information about the MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging Services
 308 Interface, please see the following references:

- 309
- 310 • MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK Guide
 - 311 • MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging Protocol Specification
 - 312 • MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview
- 313

314 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
 315 sections contained within this overview.

316

317 **2.7 MOTOTRBO™ Automatic Registration Service (ARS) ADK**

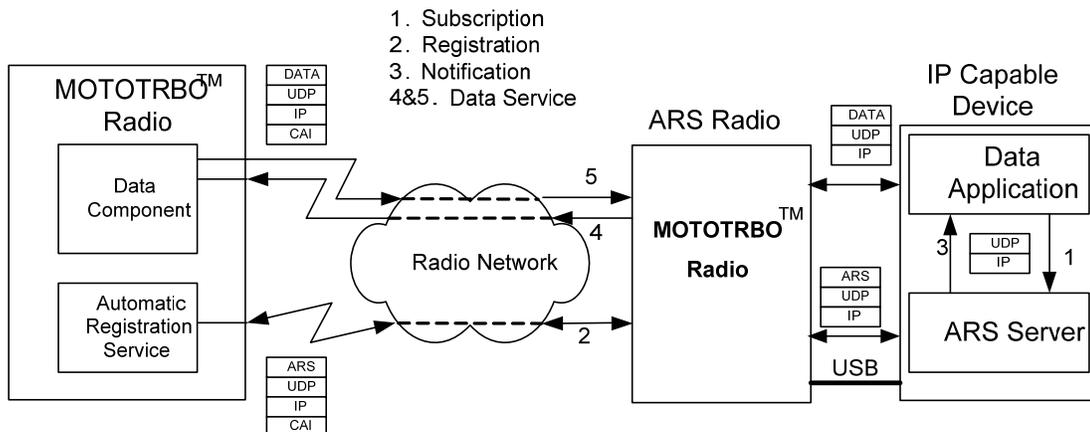
318 The MOTOTRBO™ subscriber has a number of data applications, such as Text
 319 Message, Telemetry and Location, which require the sending of data messages
 320 asynchronously to a Subscriber Unit (SU). The ARS provides a common
 321 registration service that accepts, stores and distributes subscriber presence
 322 information to interested data applications. The ARS can be used by all data
 323 applications and helps to reduce the complexity of handling message
 324 transmissions, as well as promotes the efficient use of air interface bandwidth.

325

326 The ARS consists of two components, which are the Registration Application in
 327 MOTOTRBO™ radio and the ARS Server in customer network. The ARS server
 328 is running on a device that is IP capable and is connected to what is called an
 329 ARS radio, via USB connection. The ARS Radio is responsible for routing the IP
 330 messages sent to and from the ARS Server. The transport layer between the
 331 MOTOTRBO™ radio and the ARS Server is UDP/IP.

332

333 The Figure 8 shows an example of the architecture diagram for a simple ARS
 334 configuration. Note, in this diagram, a MOTOTRBO™ radio acts as an ARS
 335 Radio.



336
 337 **Figure 8: Example Architecture Diagram of ARS**

338

339 For more information on the application of the ARS interface and its protocol,
 340 please see the following references:

- 341
- 342 • MOTOTRBO™ Automatic Registration Service (ARS) ADK Guide
 - 343 • MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK Guide
 - 344 • MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK Guide
 - 345 • MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK Guide
 - 346 • MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview

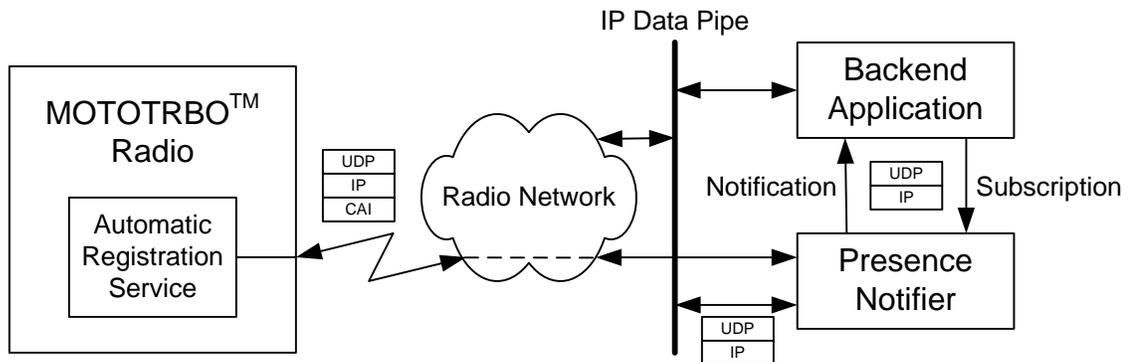
347

348 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
 349 sections contained within this overview.

351 **2.8 Presence Notifier**

352 The Presence Notifier is used to notify a PC-based backend application, such as
 353 for telemetry, LBS, or text messaging, that a MOTOTRBO™ radio has powered
 354 on or off and has registered or de-registered with the system. This application
 355 allows for efficient bandwidth utilization of the Radio Network – messaging only
 356 occurs between the backend application and those MOTOTRBO™ subscribers
 357 that are available and that the application is interested in. The Presence Notifier
 358 component is for use in digital mode only.

359



360

361 **Figure 9 - Presence Services Architecture**

362

363 The MOTOTRBO™ radio contains an Automatic Registration Service (ARS) that
 364 sends a registration message to the Presence Notifier within the Radio Network.
 365 When the MOTOTRBO™ radio is powered down, a de-registration message is
 366 sent. The registration and de-registration messages are sent as UDP/IP packets
 367 that are transported over the CAI. The Presence Notifier ultimately receives the
 368 UDP/IP packets and processes them for the registration state of each
 369 MOTOTRBO™ radio.

370

371 The Presence Notifier tracks the state of each MOTOTRBO™ radio on the Radio
372 Network and reports each radio's state to each Backend Application. Each
373 backend application must subscribe with the Presence Notifier in order to receive
374 notifications of each MOTOTRBO™ radio of interest. Information between each
375 Backend Application and the Presence Notifier is exchanged as UDP/IP packets.
376

377 For more information about the Presence Notifier, please see the following
378 references:

379

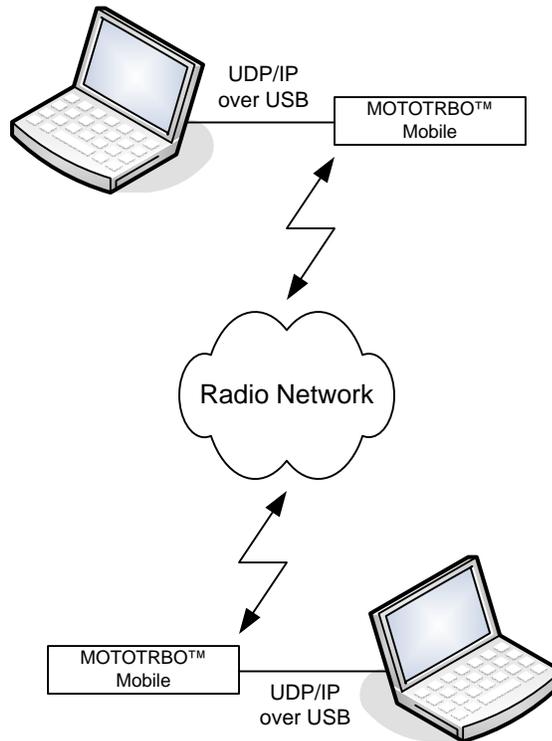
- 380 • Presence Notifier Application User's Guide
- 381 • Presence Notifier-to-Watcher Interface Specification
- 382 • MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview

383

384 For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate
385 sections contained within this overview.
386

387 **2.9 Data Services**

388 Aside from the data application capability of the MOTOTRBO™ product for
389 telemetry, location, and text messaging, the MOTOTRBO™ radios can also be
390 used as a generic UDP/IP "pipe" for the transport of data between multiple IP-
391 capable devices. These devices, such as laptop or desktop PCs, must be
392 attached to subscriber units operating within the Radio Network. The Data
393 Services capability is available while the MOTOTRBO™ product is operating in
394 digital mode only.
395



396
 397

Figure 10 – Data Services Architecture

398
 399
 400
 401
 402

The attached PCs are mapped to an IP space that is separate from the MOTOTRBO™ radio IP address range. Therefore, data intended to the attached IP-capable device or the MOTOTRBO™ radio can be routed to the appropriate endpoint.

403
 404
 405

For more information about the Data Services capability, please see the following reference:

406
 407

- MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview

408
 409
 410

For more information about the other interfaces, please refer to the appropriate sections contained in this overview.

411 **Section 3**412 **3.0 Professional Radio Application Developer Program**

413 The Professional Radio Application Developer Program now includes MOTOTRBO™
414 and is comprised of three tiers of membership:

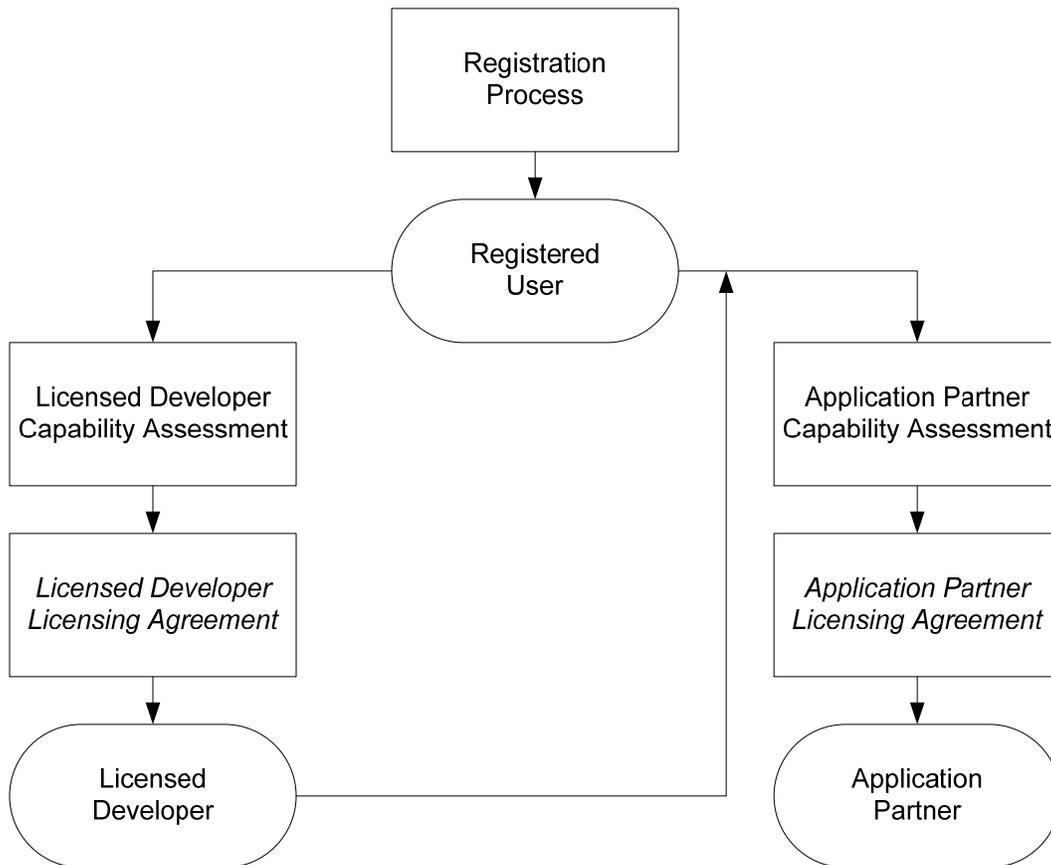
- 415
- 416 • Registered User
 - 417 • Licensed Developer
 - 418 • Application Partner / Application Provider
- 419

420 Each tier of membership brings greater accessibility to program information and
421 development resources. Interested developers must be approved for Licensed
422 Developer or Application Partner status in order to receive items such as:

- 423
- 424 • Application Development Kit (ADK) documentation
 - 425 • Technical support, including developer forums and training
 - 426 • Program affiliation media, including partner logo and application directory listing
 - 427 • Motorola channel partner and customer information
- 428

429 Registered Users have access to general information and resources only.

430



431

432

Figure 11 – Professional Radio Application Developer Program Membership Process Flow

433

434 The capability assessment is based on technical competency, commercial capability,
 435 and product portfolio. Characteristics that are considered include:

436

437

438

439

440

441

442

- Adequate commercial capability
- Expertise in two-way radio communications
- Expertise in hardware / software engineering development
- Adequate development and test environments
- Repeatable development and test processes
- Quality Assurance processes

443 **Section 4**444 **4.0 Service & Support for Application Development**

445 The MOTOTRBO™ Application Development Kits (ADKs) are only one component of
446 the service and support for 3rd party developers. The Professional Radio Application
447 Developer Program for MOTOTRBO™ is staffed with full-time engineers whose primary
448 responsibility is to support 3rd party application developers world-wide. Application
449 developers have direct access to Motorola resources to assist in the development and
450 certification of the 3rd party application.

451

452 This service and support includes, but is not limited to, the following items:

453

- 454 • Technical training on the use and capability of the developer interfaces on the
455 MOTOTRBO™ radio
- 456 • Application notes and FAQs on relevant MOTOTRBO™ development topics
- 457 • Technical consultation service during the design and development phases of the
458 3rd party product
- 459 • Access to a MOTOTRBO™ system test environment with subscribers and
460 infrastructure for 3rd party product verification (where supported by the local
461 business region)

462

463 In order to ensure technical leadership and growth, the capabilities of the
464 MOTOTRBO™ product and the developer interfaces will be continuously improved and
465 enhanced for greater functionality and expansion. As a mechanism to support this
466 process, Motorola will:

467

- 468 • Assist developers to define feature enhancements
- 469 • Document and submit change requests for prioritization
- 470 • Track and oversee defect repair of application interfaces

471

472 Through this process, the MOTOTRBO™ product will be ensured to have:

473

- 474 • Clear, concise, and accurate developer documentation
- 475 • Full compliance with published specifications and guides for each application
476 interface
- 477 • Compatibility audit with older release versions of published specifications

478 **Section 5**479 **5.0 Further Information and Contact**

480 For further information about MOTOTRBO™ and MOTODEV, please visit the following
481 websites:

- 482
- 483 • Motorola MOTOTRBO™: <http://www.motorola.com/mototrbo>
- 484 • MOTODEV developer network – Professional Radio Application Developer
485 Program: <http://developer.motorola.com>
- 486

487 As an alternative, please contact your region's business development manager for
488 further information on how to develop applications for the MOTOTRBO™ platform.

- 489
- 490 • Asia Pacific Region (APAC)
 - 491 ○ APACAPP@motorola.com
 - 492
- 493 • Europe, Middle East, and Africa (EMEA)
 - 494 ○ EMEAAPP@motorola.com
 - 495
- 496 • Latin American Countries Region (LACR):
 - 497 ○ LACRADP@motorola.com
 - 498
- 499 • North America (NA)
 - 500 ○ NAGADP@motorola.com

501 **Section 6**

 502 **6.0 Appendix: ADK Document Map**

Document	MOTOTRBO™ Option Board	MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry	MOTOTRBO™ Location Data	MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging	MOTOTRBO™ XCMP-Based Applications	MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP Applications
MOTOTRBO™ ADK Overview	X	X	X	X	X	X
MOTOTRBO™ ARS Protocol Specification		X	X	X		
MOTOTRBO™ XCMP-Based IP Capable Peripheral ADK Guide					X	
MOTOTRBO™ Option Board ADK Guide	X					
MOTOTRBO™ Option Board PROIS Cross-Reference	X					
MOTOTRBO™ XCMP / XNL Development Guide	X				X	X
MOTOTRBO™ XCMP / XNL Development Specification	X				X	X
MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry ADK Guide		X				
MOTOTRBO™ Telemetry Protocol Specification		X				
MOTOTRBO™ Location Data ADK Guide			X			
MOTOTRBO™ LRRP Specification			X			
Motorola Binary XML Encoding Specification			X			
MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging ADK Guide				X		
MOTOTRBO™ Text Messaging Protocol Specification				X		
Presence Notifier Application User's Guide		X	X	X		
Presence Notifier-to-Watcher Interface Specification		X	X	X		
MOTOTRBO™ Data Services Overview	X	X	X	X	X	X
MOTOTRBO™ Third Party Peripheral Cable ADK		X			X	X
MOTOTRBO™ Non-IP Capable Peripheral ADK Guide						X



MOTOROLA and the Stylized M Logo are registered in the US Patent & Trademark Office.

All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© Motorola, Inc. 2008. All Rights Reserved.

Printed in USA.

6880309T32

6880309T32